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12. Amritkaal and the Vission of a Vikasit Bharat 2047

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Abstract

Advancements to achieve the Viksit Bharat vision by 2047. It identifies key sustainable strategies like renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, and green urban planning, and assesses their impact on India's economic growth and social equity. The paper highlights the potential of green technologies and digital innovations in enhancing sustainability and offers recommendations for fast. The Viksit Bharat @2047 is a comprehensive vision plan of Government of India to make "Bharat" a developed country by the year 2047, when India celebrates its 100th years of independence. According to this vision, India will achieve a \$30-trillion economy, provide a pucca house and piped water to every citizen, empower women, farmers with drones, increase the number of affordable medicines i.e., generic medicines, and adopt green and sustainable growth policies like promotion of vehicles. Viksit Bharat 2047 is not mere a slogan, but a commitment to make India prosperous by the year 2047 in different spheres. On December 11, 2023, Prime Minister officially unveiled the flag of the 'Viksit Bharat @2047 campaign, an initiative aimed at building a developed India by 2047. The vision has been passionately shared by the Prime Minister while addressing to the students and faculty of centrally funded educational institutions, including central universities, IITs and IIMs. PM has made an appeal to every youth of this country to be the part of Viksit Bharat campaign. Earning an inclusive and environmentally sustainable growth path.

Key Words: Digital transaction, Sustainable, Environment, Growth, Youth etc. Development, Viksit Bharat, Renewable Energy, Economic Growth, Social Equity, Green Technologies.

Introduction

Viksit Bharat@2047 is the vision of a developed nation by 2047. The vision involves various aspects of development, such as economic growth, social progress, environmental sustainability, and good governance. Under this vision India will achieve a \$30-trillion economy, piped water to every citizen and provide a pucca house, through Jan Aushadhi Kendras this vision increase the number of affordable medicines, empower women farmers with drones, and implement green and sustainable growth policies to nation development. Viksit Bharat 2047 also goals to strengthen India's geopolitical position, overcome the colonial legacy, and improve its

diplomatic relations with other nations. Viksit Bharat 2047 it is a Viksit Bharat 2047 is the vision of a developed nation by 2047. The vision involves various aspects of development, such as economic growth, social progress, environmental sustainability, and good governance. Under this vision India will achieve a \$30-trillion economy, piped water to every citizen and provide a pucca house, through Jan Aushadhi Kendras this vision increase the number of affordable medicines, empower women farmers with drones, and implement green and sustainable growth policies to nation development. Viksit Bharat 2047 also goals to strengthen India's geopolitical position, overcome the colonial legacy, and improve its diplomatic relations with other nations. Viksit Bharat 2047 it is a finally it concluded that, The 'Viksit Bharat 2047' agenda is a widespread vision plan by the Government of India. It aiming to transform India into a developed nation by the year 2047, marking the 100th anniversary of its independence.

Objectives of the Study

1. To study the concept of Viksit Bharat.
2. To study the thematic areas of Viksit Bharat.
3. To study agenda for Viksit Bharat 2047.
4. To study some benefits of Viksit Bharat 2047.
5. To draw the Conclusion.

Research Methodology of the Study

Present study based on secondary data. Secondary data has been collected from various Sources such as, website, articles, report etc.

Thematic Area

Source: (<https://www.uudoon.in/viksit-bharat-2047.php>)

1 Agenda for Viksit Bharat 2047: (Agriculture, Industry, Services, Infrastructure, Energy, Green Economy, Cities) Thematic Area (Research & Development, Digital, Startups) Viksit Bharat Sankalp Yatra Amrit Kaal Vimarsh Voice of Youth Empowered Indians Thriving and Sustainable Economy Innovation, Science & Technology Good Governance and Security India in the World (Education, Health, Sports, Nari Shakti, Caring Society, Culture)

- i. Viksit Bharat Sankalp Under Viksit Bharat Sankalp the country covers Gram Panchayats, Nagar Panchayats and Urban Local Bodies.
- ii. Yatra Amrit Kaal Vimarsh Amrit Kaal Vimarsh objects to facilitate the country on Nation Development by holding lectures in the campuses of our academic institutions in the fields of developmental research, policy making and their implementations.

- iii. Voice of Youth Voice of Youth Orientation of Youth with the Viksit Bharat Agenda it is perspectives and actions of the youth and the national development goals by educating them.

Stakeholders' goals for Viksit Bharat 2047

Concept of Viksit Bharat

It is significance to concept Viksit Bharat which will have all different sectors of developed country with a per capita income that is comparable to the increase income countries of the world today. It is a Viksit Bharat whose digital technology, social, cultural, institutional features will mark it out as developed nations with a rich heritage and one that is capable of functioning at the different of knowledge. The WTO indicates high income countries as those whose annual per capita income is more than US \$15,005. Digital India has the potential and aims to be a high income country by centenary of its independence in 2047.

It would have to specific good quality of the people life for individuals and enable a society which is vibrant rich and harmonious. Some of the attributes of a Viksit Bharat would be.

Some of the Benefits of Viksit Bharat 2047

- This vision will make India a developed country by the year 2047, When India will
- Celebrate its 100th year of independence.
- India will achieve a \$30-trillion economy, piped water to every citizen and provide a Pucca house, through Jan Aushadhi Kendras this vision increase the number of Affordable medicines, empower women farmers with drones, , and implement green and sustainable growth policies to nation development.
- Viksit Bharat 2047 also goals to strengthen India's geopolitical position, overcome the colonial legacy, and improve its diplomatic relations with other countries
- To act as facilitators.
- Create awareness among students about this goal.
- Orient students and guide them about their role to make India a Viksit Bharat and encourage
- Participation from students Envision on the role that they are going to play to make India a developed nation.
- Create an environment The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), also known as the Global Goals, are a universal goal to end poverty and hunger, protect the planet, equity in opportunity, and ensure that all people enjoy peace and prosperity. In September 2015, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) adopted

the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, with of 17 Sustainable Development Goals, to be achieved by the year 2030.

- While all the Sustainable Development Goals are important to youth development, almost 50% of SDG targets reference young people with a focus on empowerment, participation and well-being. These are No Poverty (Goal 1), Health (Goal 3), Education (Goal 4), Gender Equality (Goal 5), Employment and Decent Work (Goal 8), Reducing Inequality (Goal 10), Sustainable Cities (Goal 11), Sustainable Consumption and Production patterns (Goal 12) and Climate Change (Goal 13). As young leaders of today and tomorrow, youth will not only directly experience the Outcome of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and plans, but will also be the key driver for their successful implementation. Hence, it is necessary that youth are informed and engaged with the global vision for the future.

Government Initiatives for Development of Youth in India

Over the last decade, various policies and programs have been implemented by various Ministry of Government of India. Few of them are:

- a. With the adoption of International Year of Youth in 1985, a separate Department of Youth Affairs and Sports were created in Government of India. This Department took initiative to formulate a National Youth Policy.
- b. In National Youth Policy, 1988 the aim was to create opportunities for the youth to develop their personality and their functional capabilities, and thus make them economically Productive and socially useful.
- c. The National Youth Policy, 2003 replaced the earlier National Youth Policy 1988. The Policy relies on the commitment of the entire nation to the composite and all-round Development of youth. The thrust of the Policy enters on “Youth Empowerment” in Different spheres of national life.
- d. The National Youth Policy, 2014 (NYP-2014) replaced the earlier policy of 2003. NYP2014 focused on the commitment of the entire nation to all-round development of the youth of India, so that they can realize their full potential and contribute productively to the nation-building process. The Policy defines ‘youth’ as persons in the age-group of 15-29 years.

Review of literature

1. Saskia Sassen (2019): Sassen’s review of literature examines the impacts of urbanization on the socio-economic dynamic digital mobility of migrated populations. She

evaluates how expand to human resources, infrastructures and social networks in urban areas effect the socio-economics inclusion of migrants.

2. Green, M. (2020) Research has highlighted India sustainable development nature and different methods included a wide range of topics, which has been a important select ambitious goals in renewable energy.

3. J.M. Smith (2019) studies on sustainable development and Denmark and Costa Rica have gained national and international recognition for their effective incorporation of renewable energy into their countryside power network.

4. Government of India, Ministry of New Renewable Energy (2022) this Research paper highlights India's indicates the vision involves various aspects of development. Such as economies growth, socio-economics progress environmental sustainability and good governance.

Conclusion

Viksit Bharat 2047 agenda is a successful vision plan by the Government of India. It is targeting to transform India into developed nations by the year 2047, making the 100th anniversary of its independence.

Viksit Bharat indicates collective goal to transform India into a developed country where each individual will live up to these potential with meaningful lives and livelihood, and the entries society and economy. Viksit Bharat is to be built on the tree pillars of 'Demography, Democracy and Diversity'.

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11th January, 2025

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

Mr./ Mrs./ Ms./ Prof./ Dr. *Amarveli Balasaheba Patil.*
of *Venutal Chavan College Karad.*

has participated/presented paper entitled "*Amritkal the vision a viksit Bharat*
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